

Buildings Are Energy Hogs: *How Energy Efficient Technologies Can Bring Home the Bacon*

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E Source

MLGW Key Customer Meeting
December 6, 2012



E Source

Agenda

Energy efficient emerging technologies I will present

- Lighting
 - LED Lighting
 - Advanced lighting controls
 - Organic LEDs
- HVAC
 - Fault detection & diagnostics
 - Rooftop unit retrofit
- Ultrasonic leak detectors
- New age simple building analytics
- Direct Contact Water Heaters



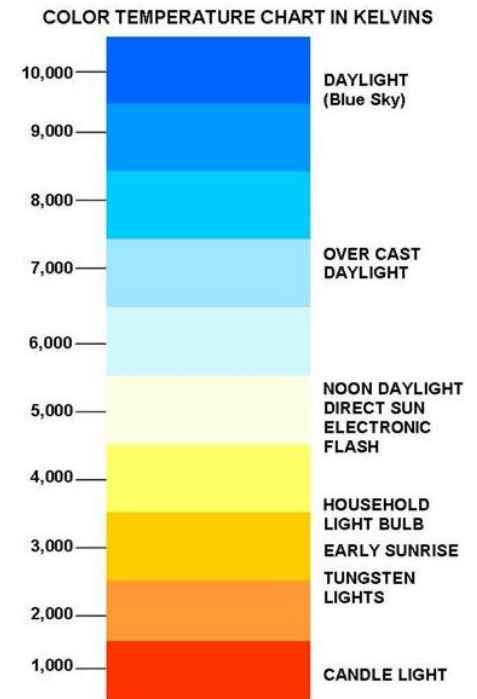
Current Status of LEDs

- High cost; wide variation in performance and quality
- Good applications today: outdoor, recessed cans, refrigerated cases, warehouses, task lighting, troffers
- Tough applications where thermal management a challenge especially in tight spaces
- New emerging issue with power quality, PF, & THD
- Lots of pressure and misleading information from manufacturers and sales reps
- Expect the unexpected

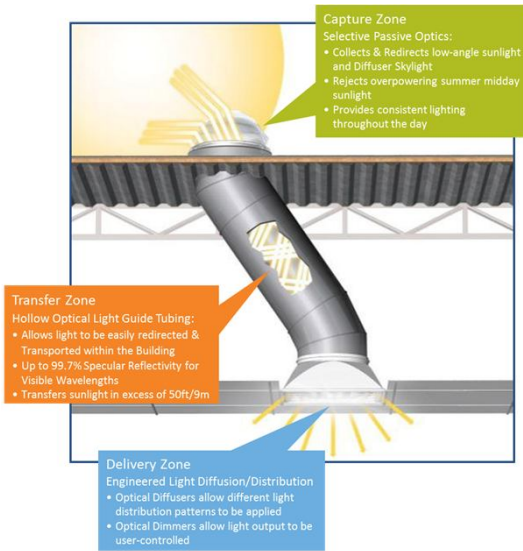


The Power of Color

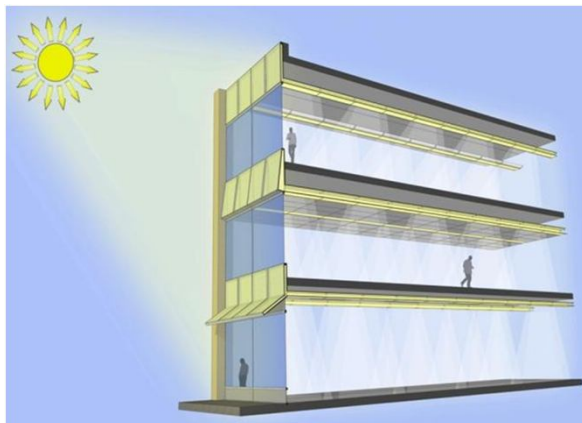
- Color temperature (Kelvin)
- LEDs provide more options
- Helps set circadian rhythms
- Lighting control options can improve mood
- More blue in light suppresses melatonin, increases feel good hormones like dopamine, serotonin, cortisol
- By installing 8,000K in an office or factory:
 - Less need for eye glasses
 - Have more personal energy; easier to work longer hours
 - Sleep better at night



Direct Solar Daylighting



Courtesy Sunflower Corp.



Courtesy: Sundolier

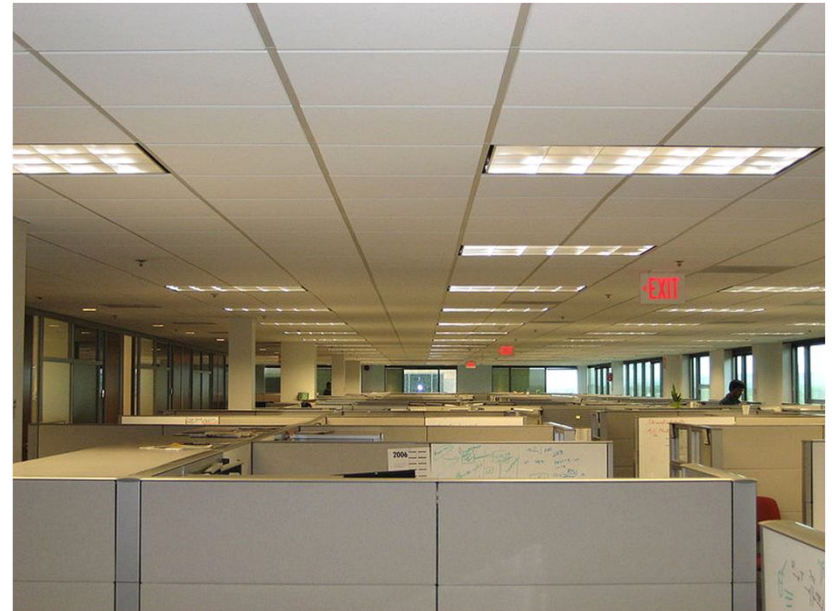


Courtesy: Solatube



Advanced Lighting Control System

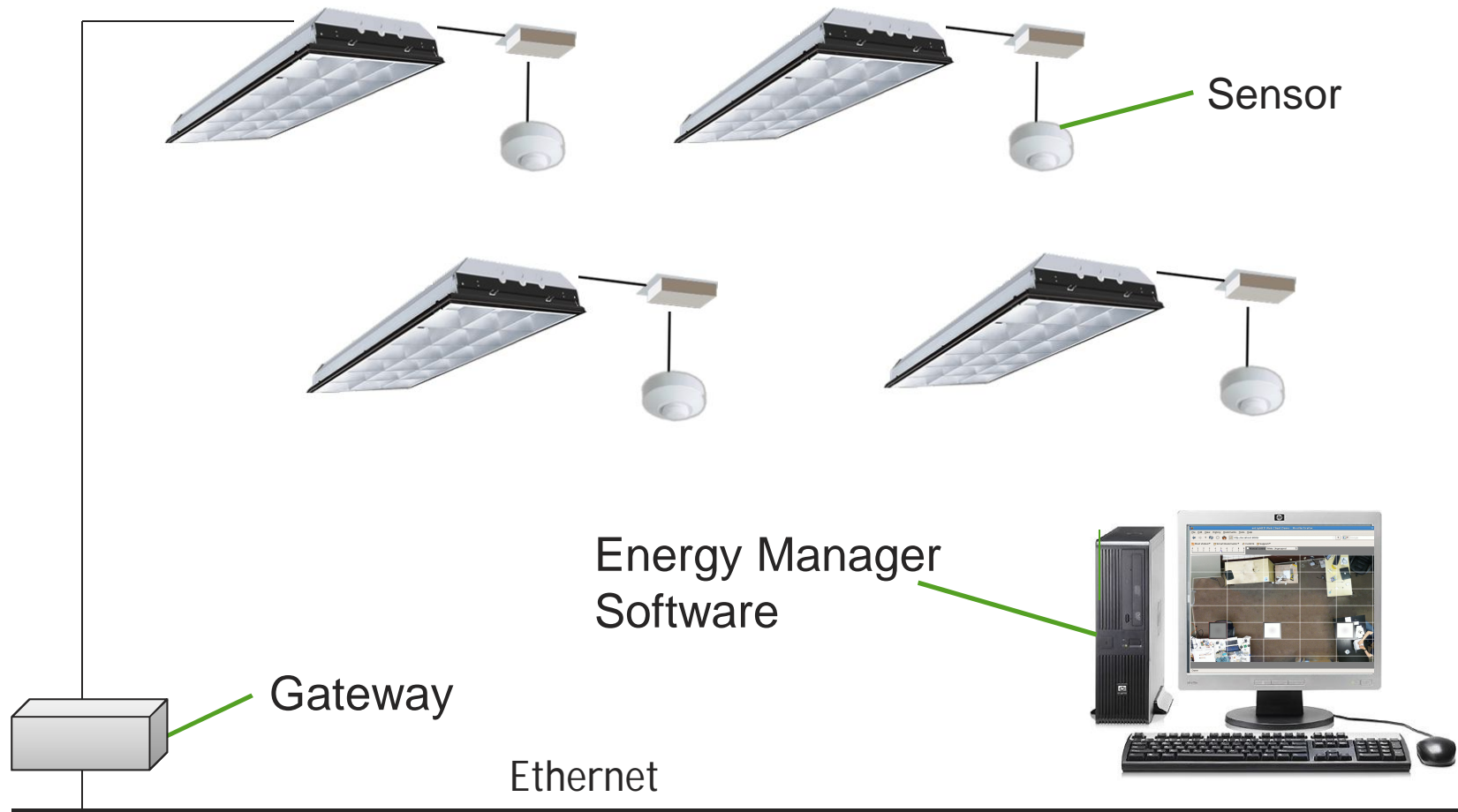
- A new approach to wireless lighting control
- Easy installation and calibration
- Flexible and autonomous
- Options for individual control
- Lighting savings ranging from 50-70% with a short simple payback



Courtesy: Wikimedia Commons



How does it work?



Courtesy: enLighted Inc.



What types of sensors are used?

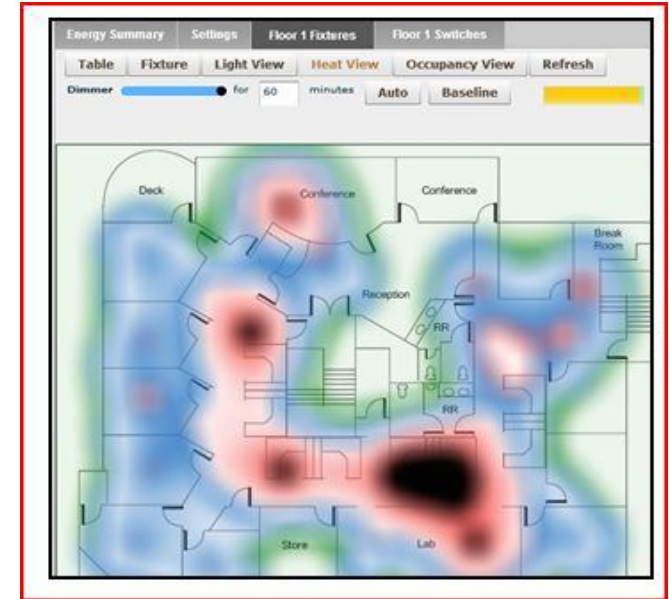
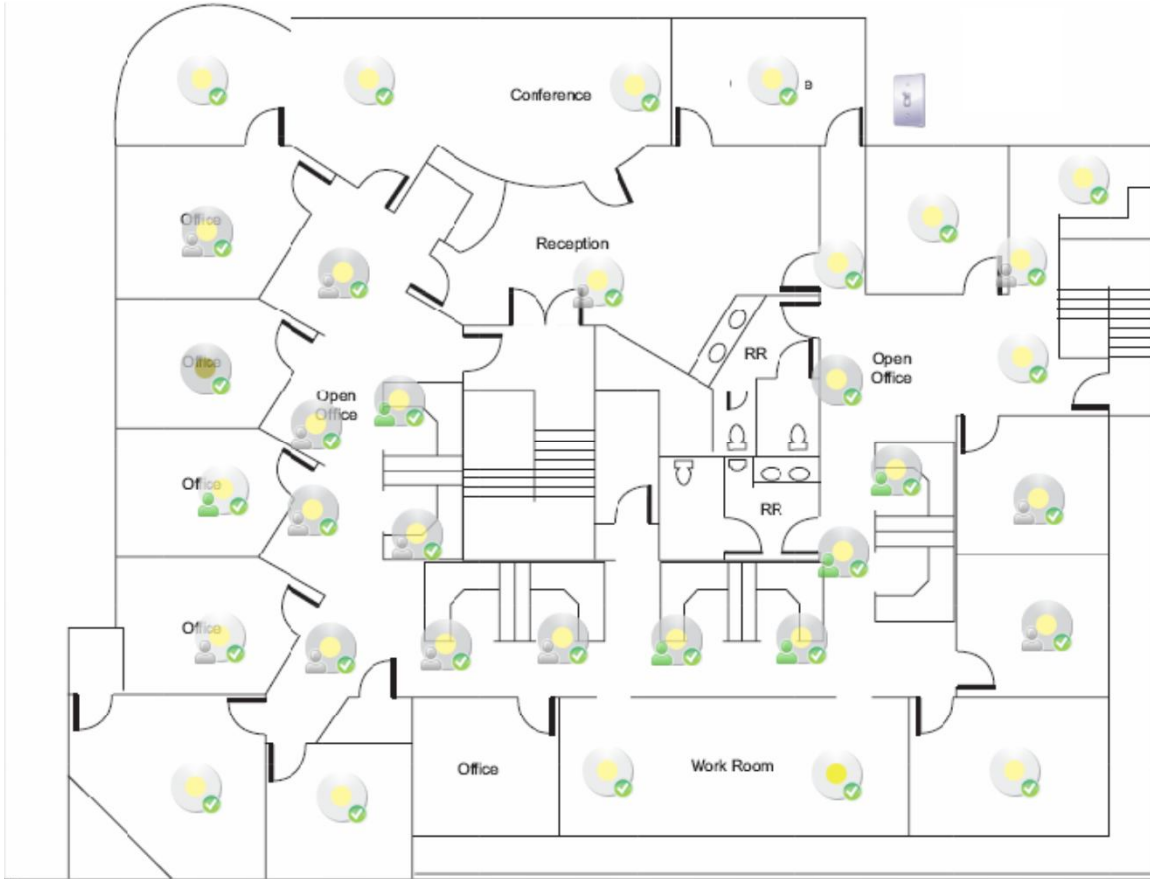
- Occupancy
- Daylight
- Thermometer
- Power meter



Courtesy: enLighted Inc.



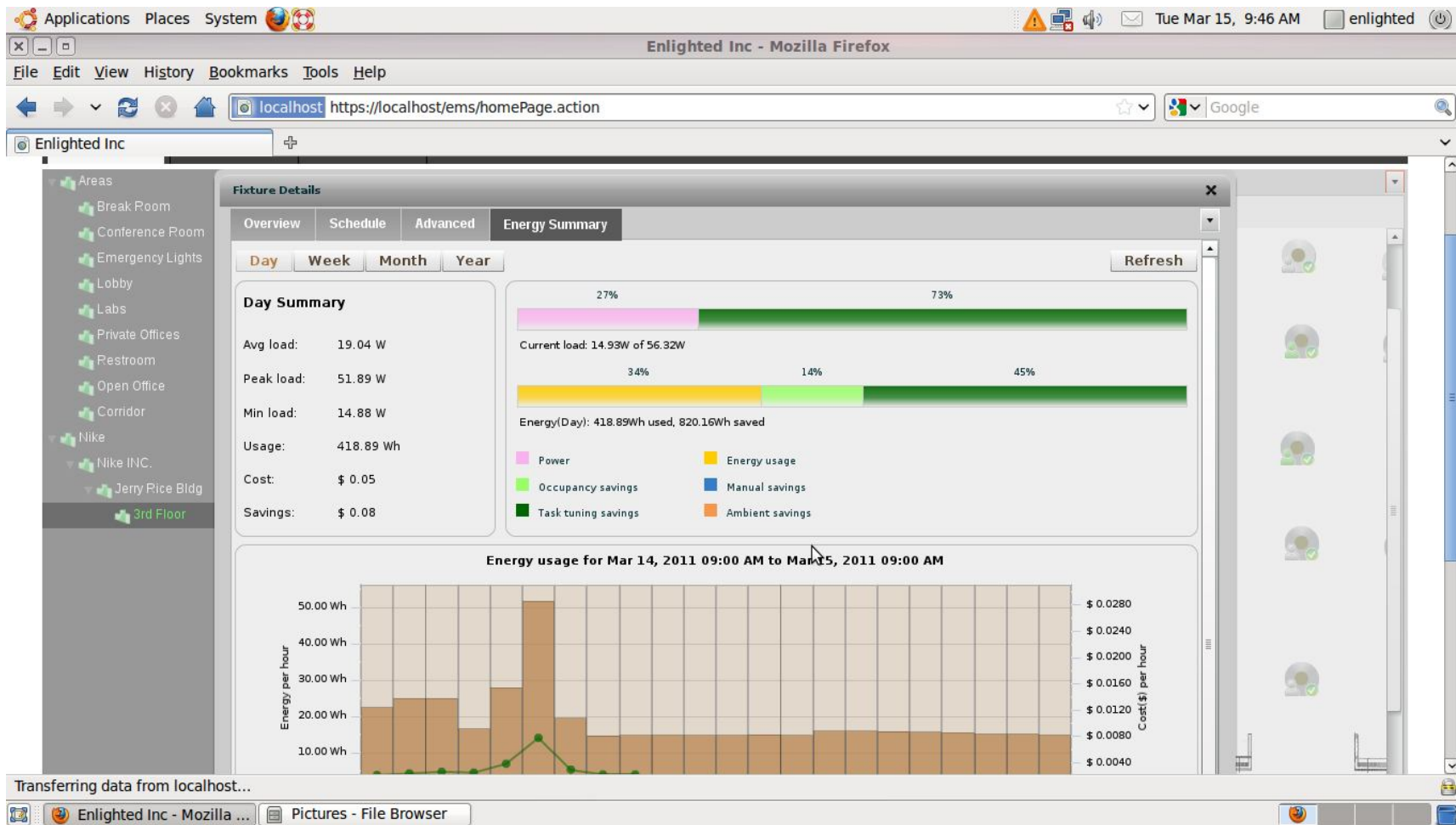
Sensor data mapping



Courtesy: enLighted Inc.



Dashboard: Savings Tracking



Courtesy: enLighted Inc.



Economics

Retrofit Building 25K sq ft	California	Massachusetts	New York	Oregon
Electricity Rate (cents/kWh)	12.98	18.01	14.99	7.95
Annual Lighting Electricity Cost	\$22,000	\$31,000	\$25,000	\$14,000
enLighted Lighting Energy Savings (71%)	\$15,513	\$21,859	\$17,628	\$9,872
enLighted Annual Operational Savings (Bulb life + HVAC effects)	\$4,989	\$5,954	\$5,375	\$4,025
Total Annual enLighted Savings	\$20,502	\$27,813	\$23,003	\$13,896
Total Solution Cost (includes ballast and labor)	\$36,630	\$36,630	\$36,630	\$36,630
Federal Tax deductions for lighting controls	\$5,250	\$5,250	\$5,250	\$5,250
ROI (months) (includes utility rebates)	13 months	10 months	12 months	19 months
ROI w/o rebates/incentives (months)	18 months	13 months	16 months	27 months

Courtesy: enLighted Inc.



Additional benefits

- Demand response
 - Enables participation in demand response programs (either automatic or manual)
 - Intelligent dimming of lights
- Possible BAS integration
 - HVAC
 - Security
 - Fire
- LEED compliant
 - Adds ~6-10 points in a typical open-plan commercial lighting space with T8 fixtures
- Averts integration headaches
 - To get a comparable system, you need to combine multiple different systems and create a brand new control box



Advanced Lighting Controls Systems

Many Qualified Products

- Acura Technologies
- CAN2GO
- Daintree Networks
- Delta Controls
- Digital Lumens
- Encelium
- enlightened
- Lumenergi
- Lutron Electronics Co, Inc.
- nLight (SensorSwitch, Acuity)
- Philips OccuSwitch Wireless Controls
- Synergy Lighting Controls (Acuity)



Good Application for Industrial Facilities

- Many 250W to 400W HID systems
- Long operating hours (6,000 to 8,760 hrs/year)
- Few have occupancy sensors or daylight harvesting due to re-strike requirements associated with HIDs
- Individual fixture control easier to justify
- Original lighting system often does not align with current facility usage patterns



High Bay LED with Wireless Control

LEDs: More lighting, less Costly

Parameter	HID	Fluorescent	LED
Power, kW	455	230	~180
initial lumens	43,000	20,000	15,000
EOL lumens	27950	18000	10,500
Fixture efficiency	0.7	0.92	0.95
EOL lm/W	43	72	58
Controllability	poor	good	best
Lamp life, hrs	20,000	24,000-40,000+	50,000
Fixture cost, \$	\$135	\$150	~\$1080

© E SOURCE



Improved LED High Bay Products

- Aimable light bars
- Thermal Design for longevity, performance
- Built-in intelligence

- Able to participate in AutoDR
- Up to 45 ft with sensors; 80 ft without
- Temperature range: -40 F to 100 F
- QPL-listed (Qualified Products List)

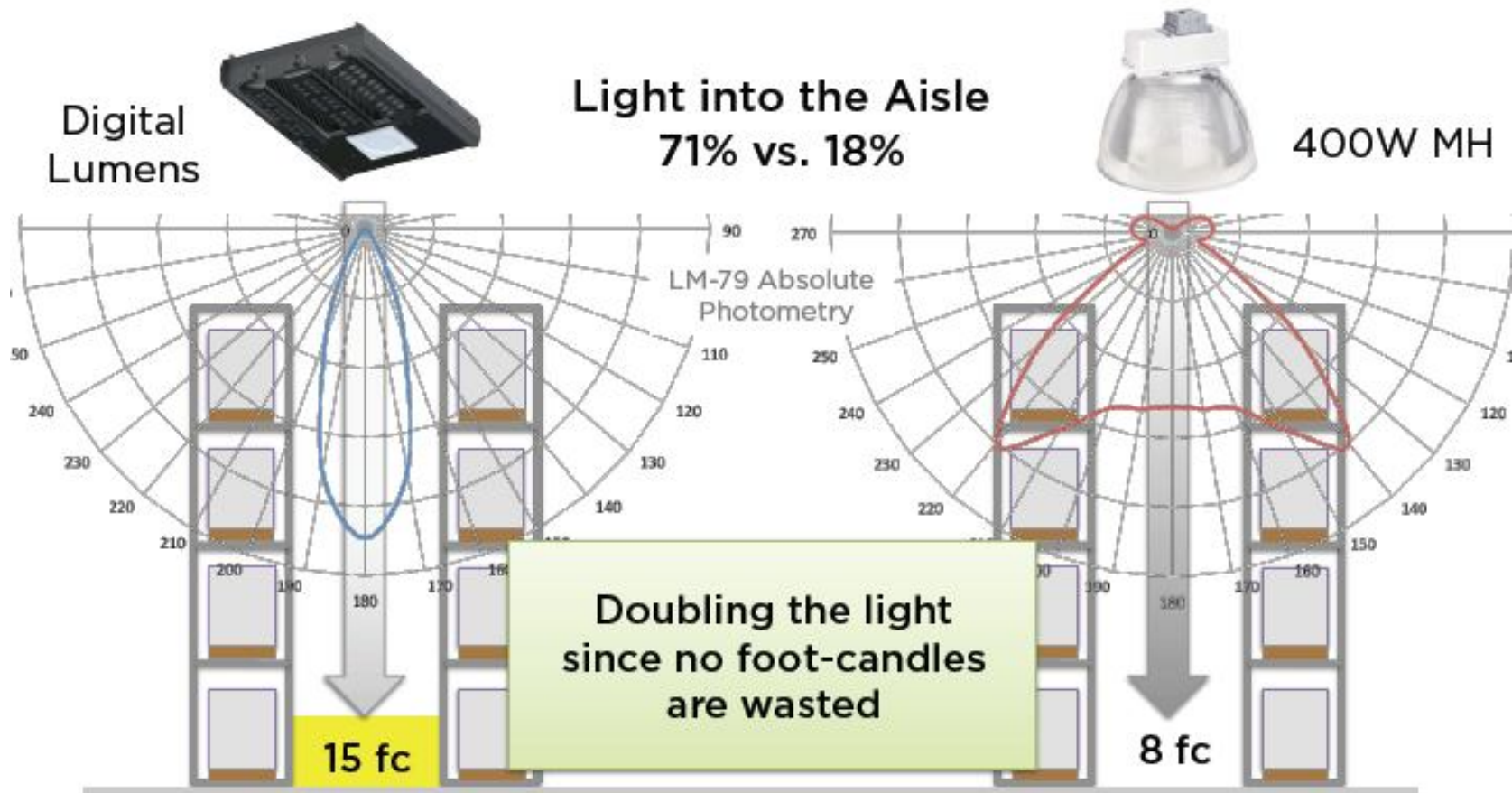


Courtesy:
Digital
Lumens

LED high-bay fixture from Digital Lumens www.digitallumens.com



Putting Light Where It's Needed



Courtesy: Digital LUmens



LEDs: The Light That Came into the Cold

Leading application: Cold storage warehouse

- Fluorescent output decreases in the cold
- Fewer lamp changes with LEDs
- HVAC savings, too!
- Maine Paper and Food Service
 - One-for-one w/400W HPS
 - Lighting energy use cut by 87%



Courtesy: Digital Lumens



LED Troffers Are Coming of Age

- Troffers are the most common fluorescent fixture
- LEDs in troffer form: edge lit, light bars, blocks, etc.



Source: Lithonia



© E Source



LED T8 Replacements Aren't Ready Yet

LED T8s:

- Still expensive
- Inadequate light distribution and light levels
- Similar life
- Could compromise UL



Source: Ledtronics



OLEDs: The “Other” Solid-State Lighting

What is an organic light-emitting diode?

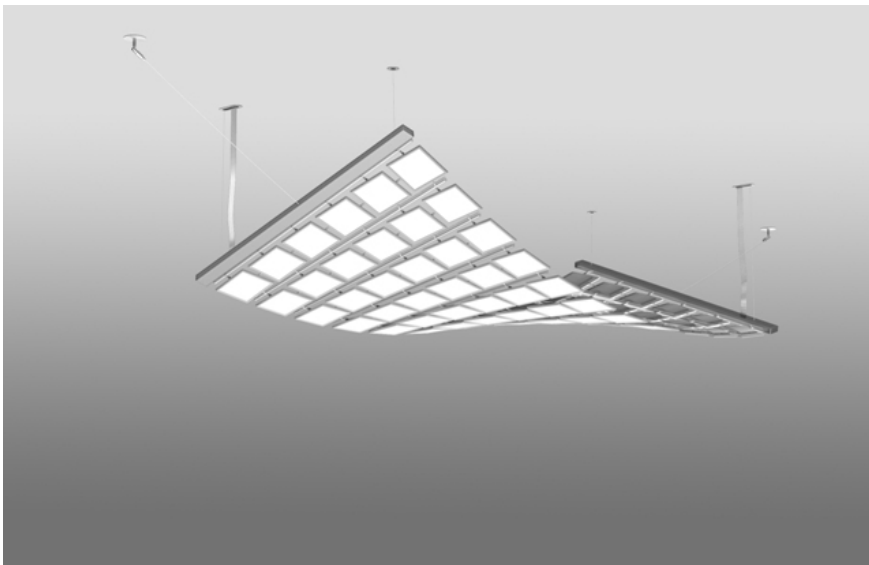
- A sandwich of organic molecules layered on a glass substrate that emits light from its surface when voltage is applied.

Is OLED lighting coming of age?

- Efficacy: 60 lumens/watt (lm/W); 80 lm/W by the end of 2012
- 15,000-hour life; expected to be at 25,000 hours
- Color temperature of 3,500 kelvin (K)
- CRI > 80
- Diffuse, even lighting
- Unique forms



Canvis: OLED Product Introduced at LightFair 2012



Source: Acuity

To see a cool video <http://vimeo.com/41590155>



OLEDs: The “Other” Solid-State Lighting (cont’d)

Costly, but potential for prices to fall

- DOE study: now \$1,700+/klm

Lamp type	Cost (\$/klm)
Halogen	2.5
CFL	2
Fluorescent T8	4
LED (60W A19)	30
OLED luminaire	1,700

Source: E Source, data from DOE



If the Fan Belt Breaks on the Rooftop, Does Anyone Hear It?

The Importance of Fault Detection and Diagnostics



E Source

How Much do you Trust your HVAC Technician?

Task description	Technician identifier												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Thermostat													
Registers													
Air filter													
Temperature split across coil													
Furnace													
Electrical													
Line and duct insulation													
External static pressure													
Airflow													
Ducts													
Condenser coil													
Motor amps													
Biological contamination (mold)													
Refrigerant charge													
Evaporator coil													



© E Source; adapted from Western Cooling Efficiency Center



This is What They Attempted to Look at



- Task attempted

Technician identifier

Task description	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Thermostat	○	○	○		○		○	○					
Registers		○		○		○			○	○			
Air filter	○	○	○		○		○	○	○		○	○	
Temperature split across coil	○	○				○		○		○		○	
Furnace	○		○	○	○							○	
Electrical	○		○	○	○	○	○	○	○		○		
Line and duct insulation		○	○	○	○	○		○	○		○	○	
External static pressure	○	○											
Airflow	○	○											
Ducts	○	○	○	○	○	○			○		○	○	
Condenser coil			○	○	○	○	○				○	○	
Motor amps	○			○	○	○	○	○			○		
Biological contamination (mold)		○	○	○	○		○		○				
Refrigerant charge	○	○			○	○	○						
Evaporator coil													

© E Source; adapted from Western Cooling Efficiency Center



But Minimal Success

- Task done correctly
- Task attempted, but not done correctly

Task description	Technician identifier												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Thermostat	●	●	●		●		○	●					
Registers		●		○		●			●	●			
Air filter	○	○	●		○		●	○	○		○	○	
Temperature split across coil	●	●				○		○		○		○	
Furnace	●		○	●	○							○	
Electrical	●		○	○	○	○	○	○	○		○		
Line and duct insulation		○	○	●	○	○		○	○		○	○	
External static pressure	●	○											
Airflow	●	○											
Ducts	○	○	○	○	○	○			○		○	○	
Condenser coil			○	○	○	○	○				○	○	
Motor amps	○			○	○	○	○	○			○		
Biological contamination (mold)		○	○	○	○		○		○				
Refrigerant charge	○	○			○	○	○						
Evaporator coil													

© E Source; adapted from Western Cooling Efficiency Center



This is What They Missed

● Task done correctly ○ Task attempted, but not done correctly ■ Did not attempt

Task description	Technician identifier												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Thermostat	●	●	●	■	●	■	○	●	■	■	■	■	■
Registers	■	●	■	○	■	●	■	■	●	●	■	■	■
Air filter	○	○	●	■	○	■	●	○	○	■	○	○	■
Temperature split across coil	●	●	■	■	■	○	■	○	■	○	■	○	■
Furnace	●	■	○	●	○	■	■	■	■	■	■	○	■
Electrical	●	■	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	■	○	■	■
Line and duct insulation	■	○	○	●	○	○	■	○	○	■	○	○	■
External static pressure	●	○	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Airflow	●	○	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Ducts	○	○	○	○	○	○	■	■	○	■	○	○	■
Condenser coil	■	■	○	○	○	○	○	■	■	■	○	○	■
Motor amps	○	■	■	○	○	○	○	○	■	■	○	■	■
Biological contamination (mold)	■	○	○	○	○	■	○	■	○	■	■	■	■
Refrigerant charge	○	○	■	■	○	○	○	■	■	■	■	■	■
Evaporator coil	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

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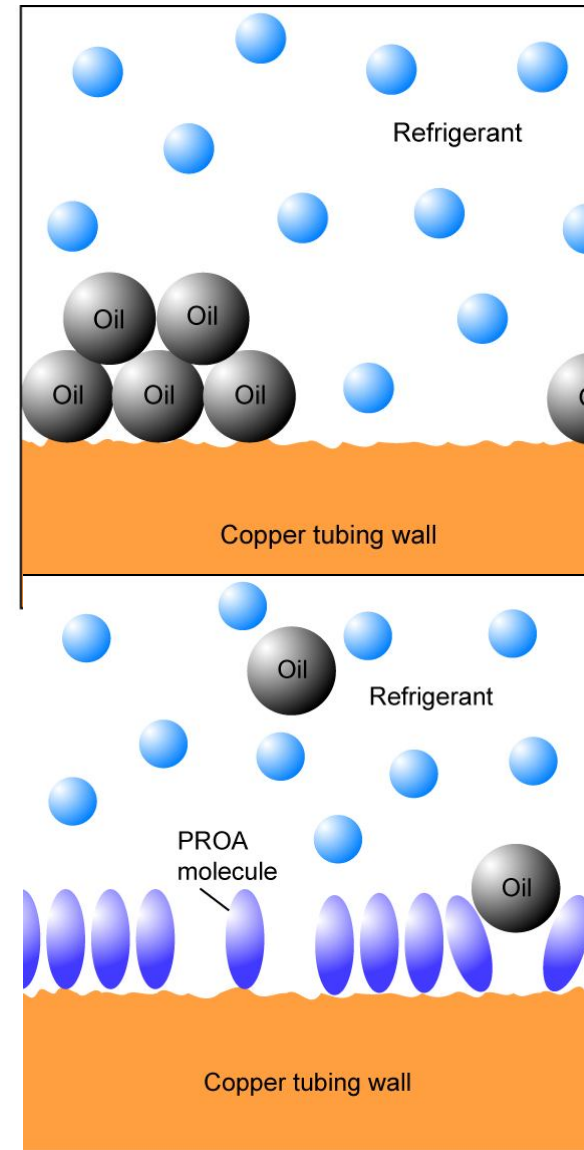


Polarized Refrigerant Oil Additives

BEWARE

- Allegedly boosts heat transfer by displacing oil film
- Vendors claim 5-30% energy savings
- Theoretically possible savings only approach 2%, unsubstantiated in reality
- At typical costs (\$50-100/ton cooling), a 2% payback is not cost-effective

By the way, general maintenance of a RTU alone can save 11% to 42%



Fault Detection & Diagnostics (FDD) for HVAC

Low cost minimalist diagnostics that work



Minimalist Approach: Using Sound

Virtjoule

- Monitors sound for faults and degradation
- Savings: 5 to 8 percent kW and 15 to 20 percent kWh (vendor-reported)
- \$150 to \$300 installed



Minimalist Approach: Using Power

- SMDS (Smart Monitoring and Diagnostic System)
 - Northwrite/Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
 - True power meter + outdoor air temperature => finds faults, estimates waste
 - Less than \$200 installed
 - Release: end of 2012 or early 2013



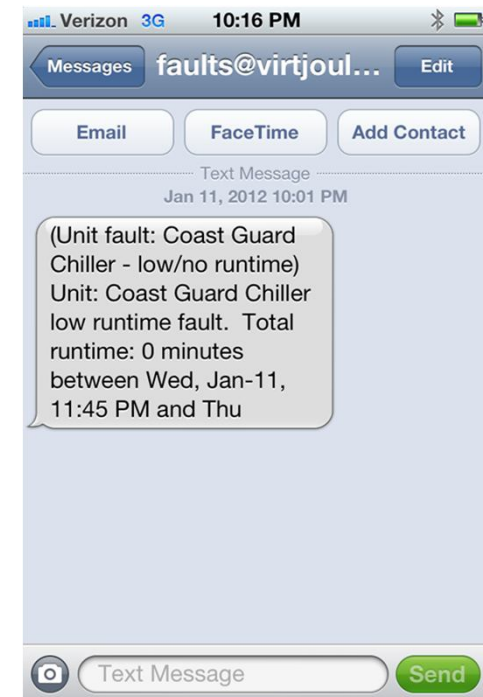
Source: Extech Instruments, Open Clip Art Library; Courtesy: Northwrite



Fault-Finding Made Easy

- Runtime outside business hours
- Economizer opportunities
- Short cycling
- Condenser fan failure
- Compressor failure
- Refrigerant leaks
- High head-pressure faults

- Sends you a text or email

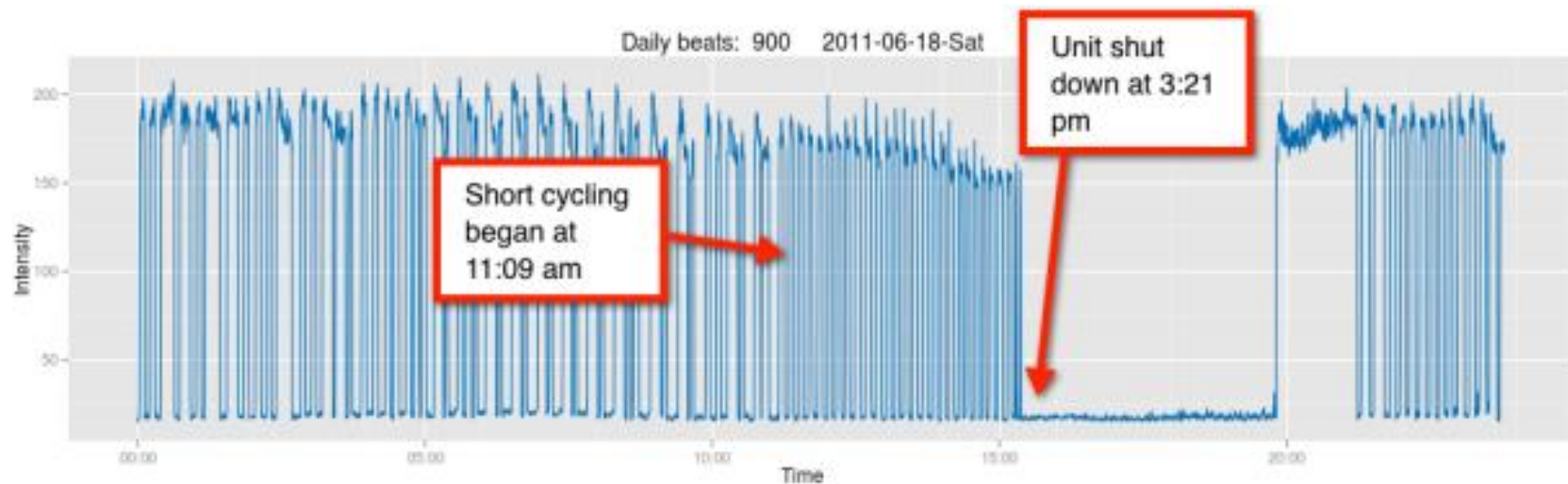


Courtesy: Virtjoule



Best Applications

- Performance monitoring for HVAC equipment with limited or antiquated energy management systems
- Attractive option for monitoring tenant HVAC
- Critical-system monitoring for large HVAC, server rooms, and refrigeration



Courtesy: Virtjoule



RTU Retrofit with Big Savings



RTU VFDs and Controllers

- Catalyst

[Transformative Wave Technologies](#)



- Enerfit

[Enerfit LLC](#)



- Digi-RTU Optimizer

[DTL Controls](#)



- Unnamed controller (available late 2012)

[Optimum Energy](#)

Sources: Transformative Wave Technologies, Enerfit, and DTL Controls



Variable-Frequency Drives (VFDs)

Product	Evaporator fan	Condenser fan	Compressor
Catalyst	✓		
Enerfit	✓		
Digi-RTU	✓		✓
Optimum's controller	✓	✓	✓

© E Source



Source: Wikimedia Commons



Built-in Controls

Product	DCV	Economizer controls	Web interface	FDD
Catalyst	✓	✓	Optional	Some
Enerfit	✓	✓ (V2)	Optional	Some
Digi-RTU	IP	IP	Optional	IP
Optimum's controller	IP	IP	Standard	Some

© E Source

Notes: DCV = demand-controlled ventilation; FDD = fault detection and diagnosis;
IP = in progress; V = version.



Manufacturer's Claims

Product	Annual HVAC Energy Savings (%)	Simple Payback Period (years)	Cost (\$)
Catalyst	25-40%	2	\$4,000 (15 ton)
Enerfit	50-70%	1-3	\$4,700 (20 ton)
Digi-RTU	45-64%	1-4	\$3-10,000 (<20 ton) \$5-20,000 (>20 ton)
Optimum's	25-45%	NA	NA

© E Source

Plus:

- Better humidity control
- Reduced maintenance



What We Knew from Last Year

Testing organization	Product	Savings/payback	Sample size
Omaha Public Power District (OPPD)	Digi-RTU	41% kW, 52% kWh 20–60% range	24 RTUs, 2010 +6 RTUs, 2011
Snohomish County PUD	Catalyst	48% kWh	1 facility
TES Engineering	Enerfit	2.0- to 3.5-year payback: → Not cost-effective: →	9 of 11 buildings 2 of 11 buildings

Notes: kW = kilowatts; kWh = kilowatt-hours.

© E Source



Source: Wikimedia Commons



Latest Results

Testing organization	Product	Savings	Sample size
Snohomish County PUD	Catalyst	17–18% kW, ~20% kWh	2 Drugstores
Southern California Edison	Catalyst	12–35% fan electricity savings	3 RTUs
National Renewable Energy Lab	simulation	29–75% annual fan electricity savings	16 U.S. cities, big-box retail
Pacific Northwest National Lab	simulation	14–56% annual HVAC energy savings	16 U.S. cities, 4 building types

Notes: kW = kilowatts; kWh = kilowatt-hours.

© E Source



Source: Wikimedia Commons



Catalyst Fault Detection & Diagnostics Dashboard

Select a Report ▾



Equipment Performance Summary

Unit Summary

Unit	Serves	Overall	Fan	Cool Stage 1	Cool Stage 2	Economizer
Unit01	N.W. Hygene	●	●	●	●	●
Unit02	Northwest	●	●	●	●	●
Unit03	Southwest	●	●	●	●	●
Unit04	S.W. Corner	●	●	●	●	●
Unit05	S.E. Corner	●	●	●	●	●
Unit06	Southeast	●	●	●	●	●
Unit07	Northeast	●	●	●	●	●
Unit08	N.E. Corner	●	●	●	●	●

Legend:

- Off / Not Evaluated
- Operating Correctly
- Warning
- Needs Attention

Courtesy: Transformative Wave Technologies



Catalyst FDD: Details

Cumulative faults for this site from 9/23 thru 9/30

Filter current faults by rule >

Reset Filter

Current Faults	Unit	Duration	Definition
MixedTempConstant	Unit 2	21:57	If MaTemp does not change for 1 hour
FanStatusFailure DriveLock	Unit 4	17:03	If FanStatusFailrue = true
InsufficientRiseOnHeatStage1	Unit 3	19:00	If DaTemp does not change by 5 Deg after Heat1 Call
InsufficientRiseOnHeatStage2	Unit 3	23:21	If DaTemp does not change by 5 Deg after Heat2 Call
DischargeTempBelowLimit	Unit 1	3:48	If DaTemp < 40

Fault Detection Rules applied to this Site

Rule Name	Definition
CO2 Constant	CO2 Value Does not Change for more than 2 hours
CO2HighDamperNotOpen	If CO2 > 1000 PPM, and OSA Volume < 20%
CO2HighAirVolumeLow	If CO2 > 1000 PPM, and OSA Volume < 20%
CO2OverLimit	If CO2 > 1500 PPM
CO2UnderLimit	If CO2 < 300 PPM
ControllerDown	If ControllerDown = True, enabled even when the fan is off
CoolCallDurationExceeded	If CoolCall is True > 45 Min

Courtesy: Transformative Wave Technologies



Ultrasonic Leak Detectors

- Compressed air system leaks waste 20% to 30% energy
- Use acoustic sensors to detect sounds in the ultrasonic frequency range and can identify and locate leaks
- Portable and easy to use
- Cost \$1,000 to over \$15,000
- Payback typically measured in weeks



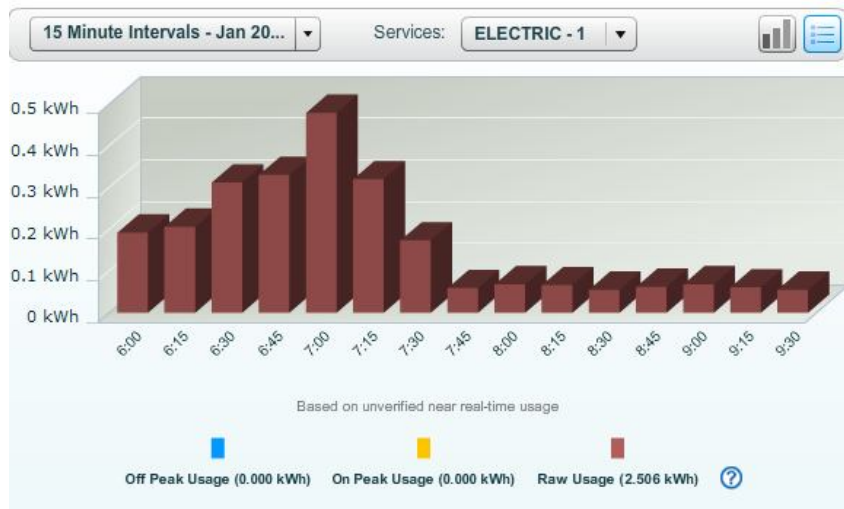
Facility	Annual energy savings (kilowatt-hours)	Annual dollar savings (\$)	Simple payback (years)
Rochelle Foods	308,602	22,951	0.40
Chrysler Transmission Plant	227,483	17,737	0.60
Southern Clay Products	170,745	11,952	0.80
Superior Graphite	155,804	7,728	0.97

© E Source; data from the U.S. Department of Energy



New Age Simple Building Analytics

Turning Data into Easy Savings



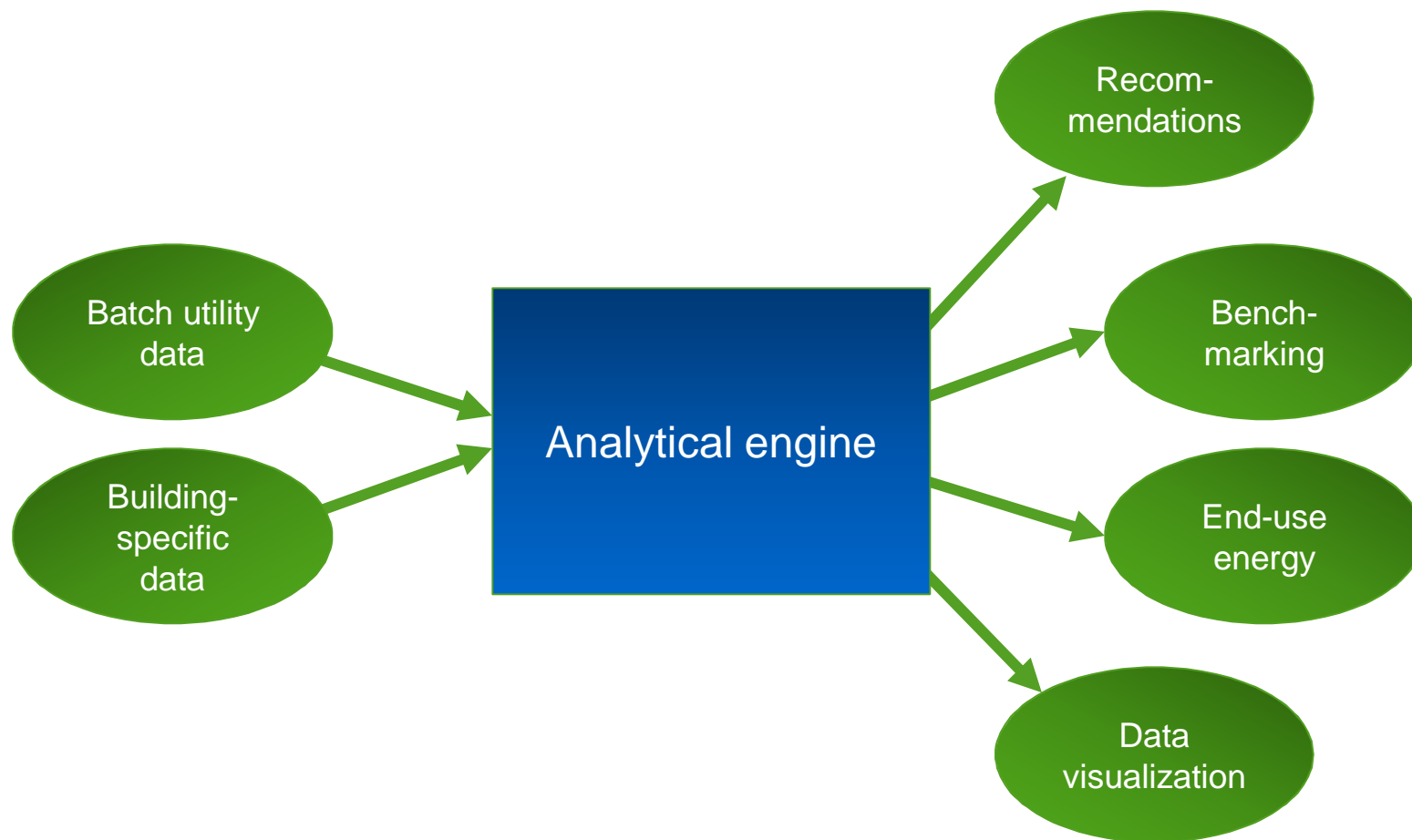
Source: Xcel Energy



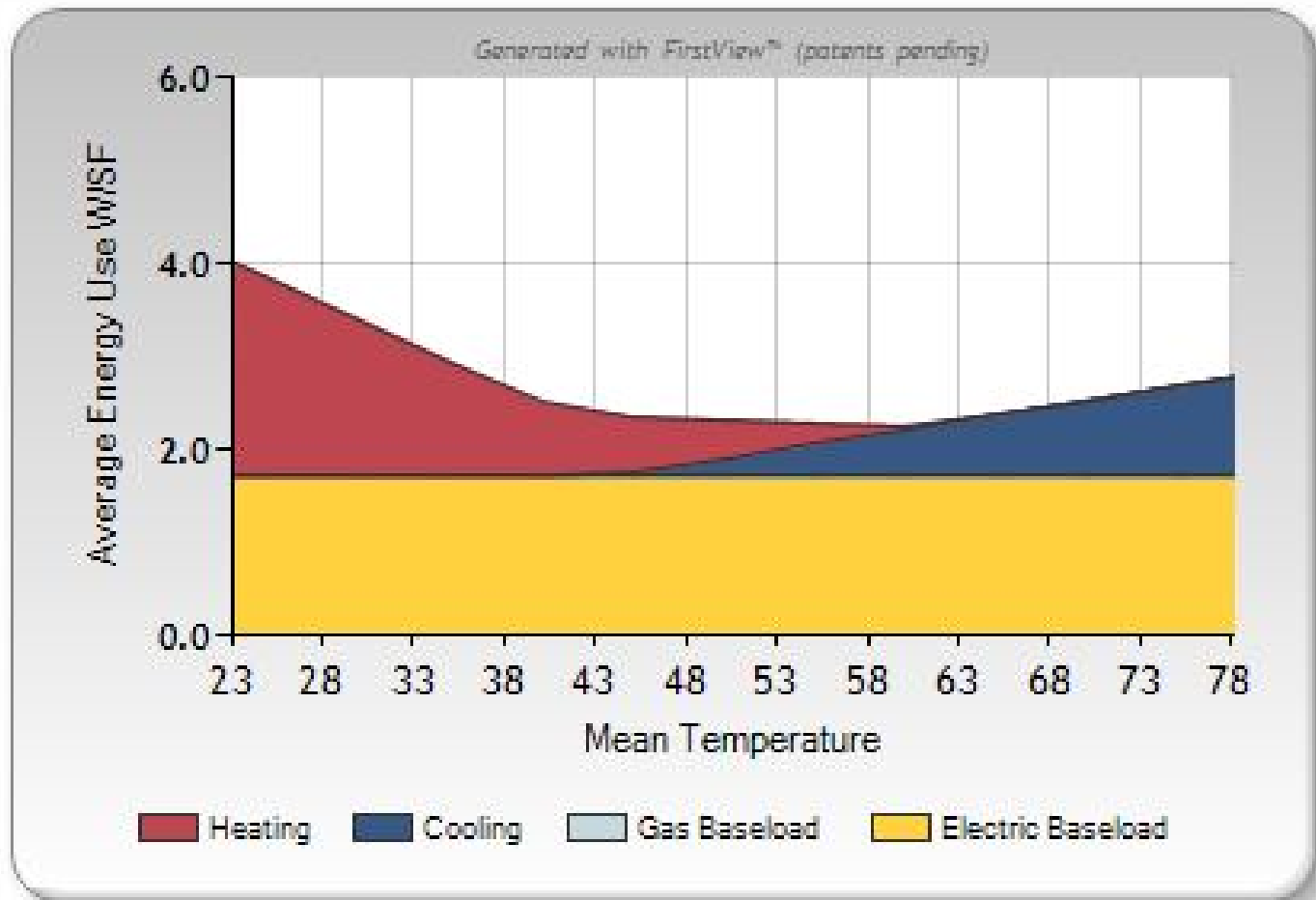
Source: 123RF.com



How It Works



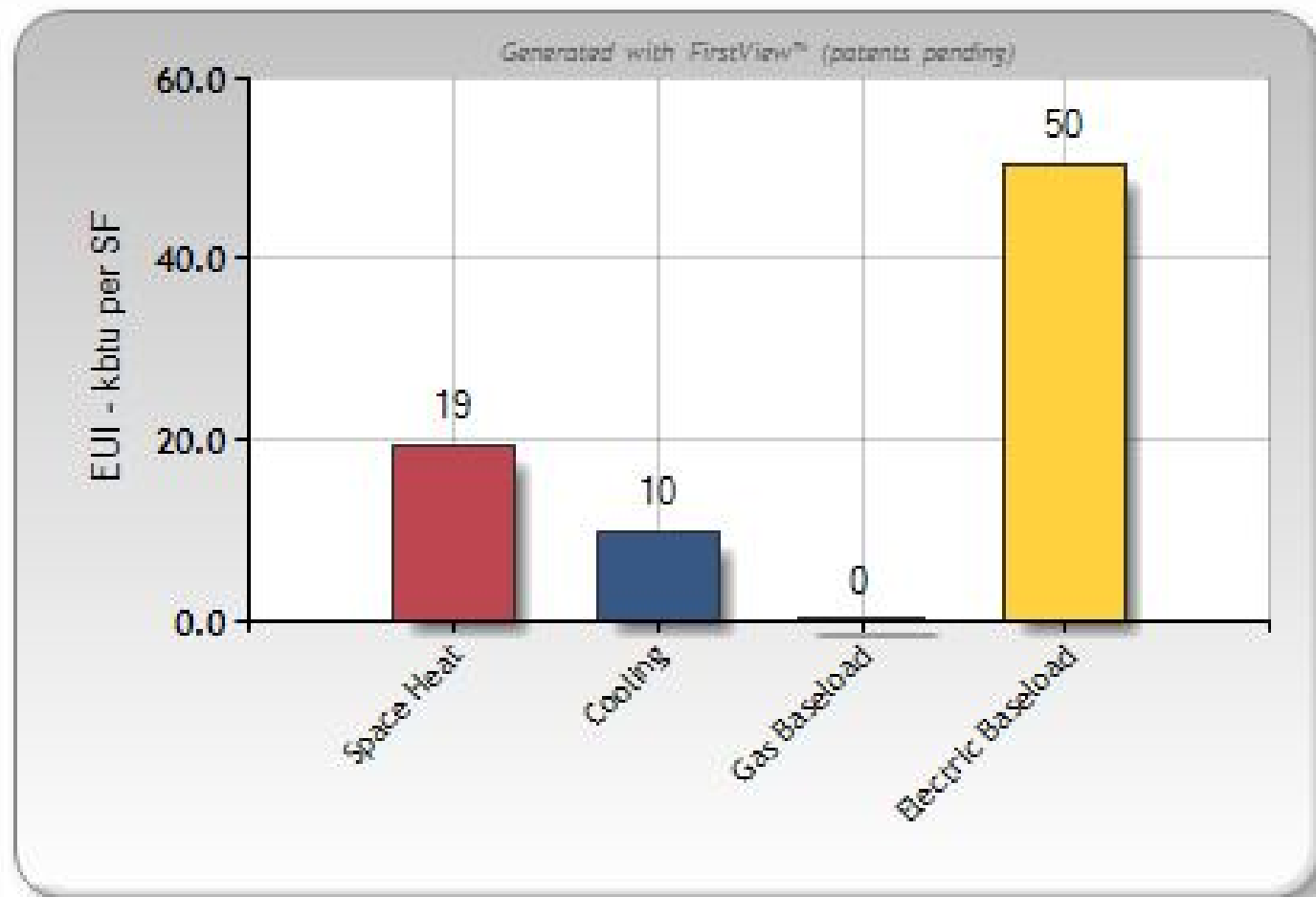
The Energy Signature



Source: New Buildings Institute



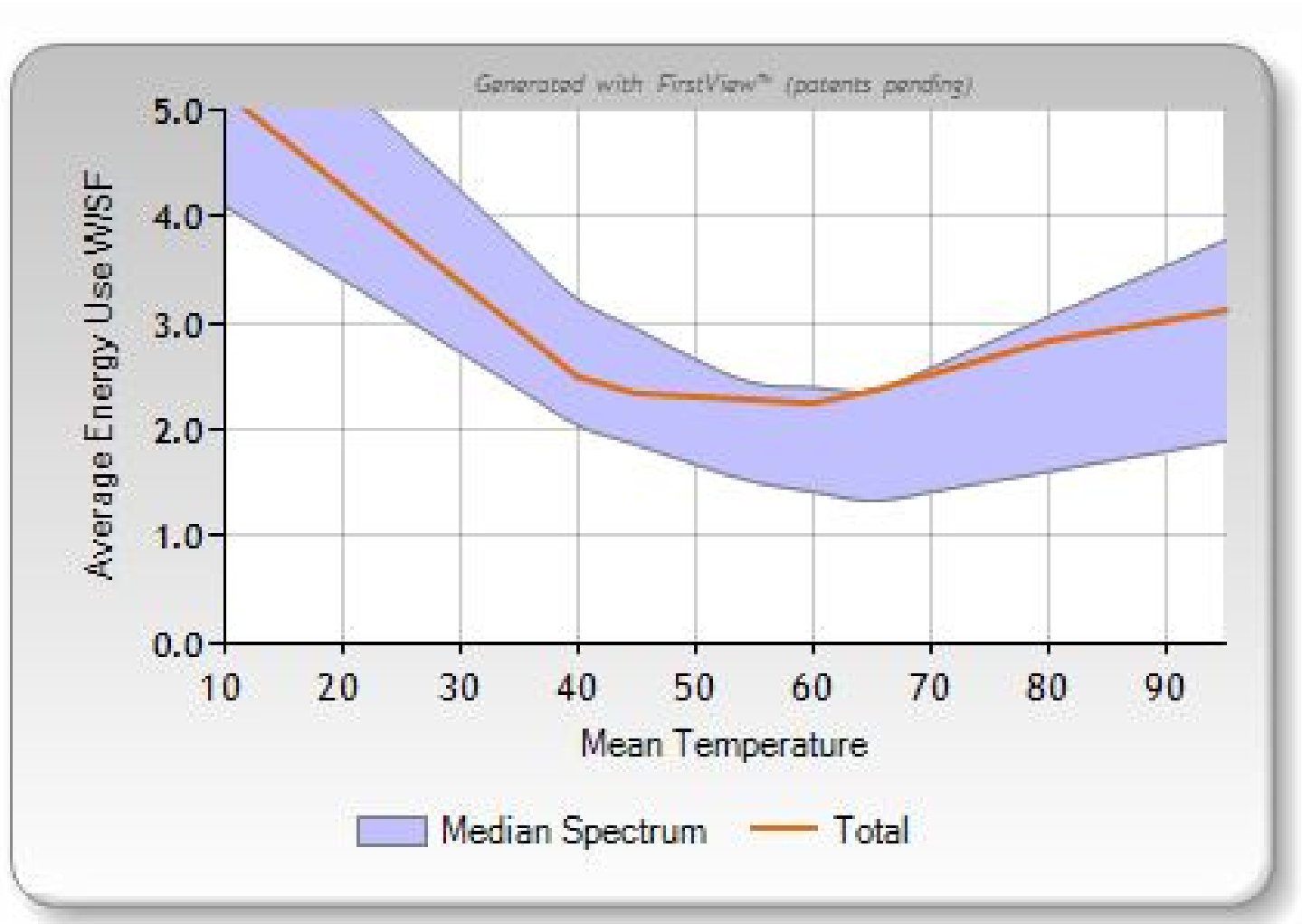
Electric Base Load Looms Large



Source: New Buildings Institute



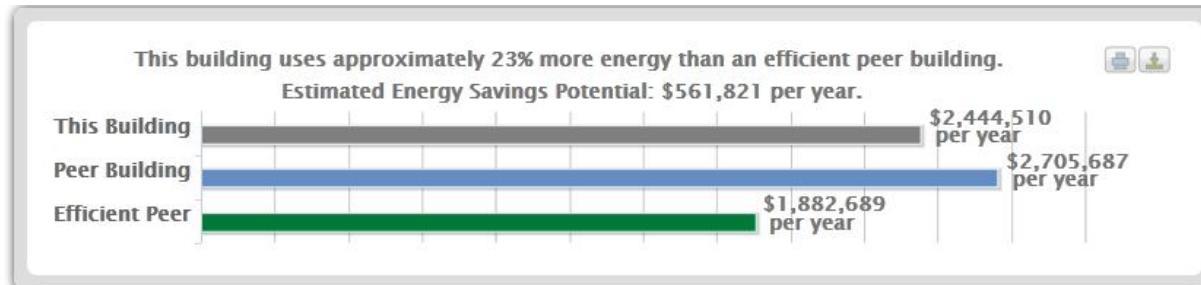
Looks Like AC Is a Problem



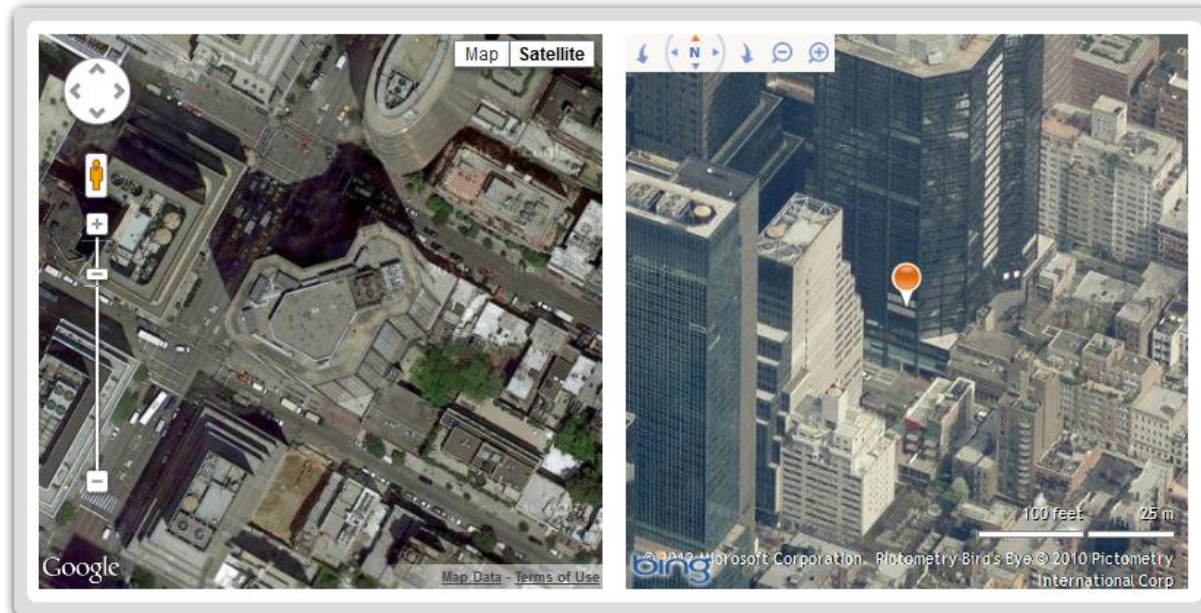
Source: New Buildings Institute



A Product From Retroficiency



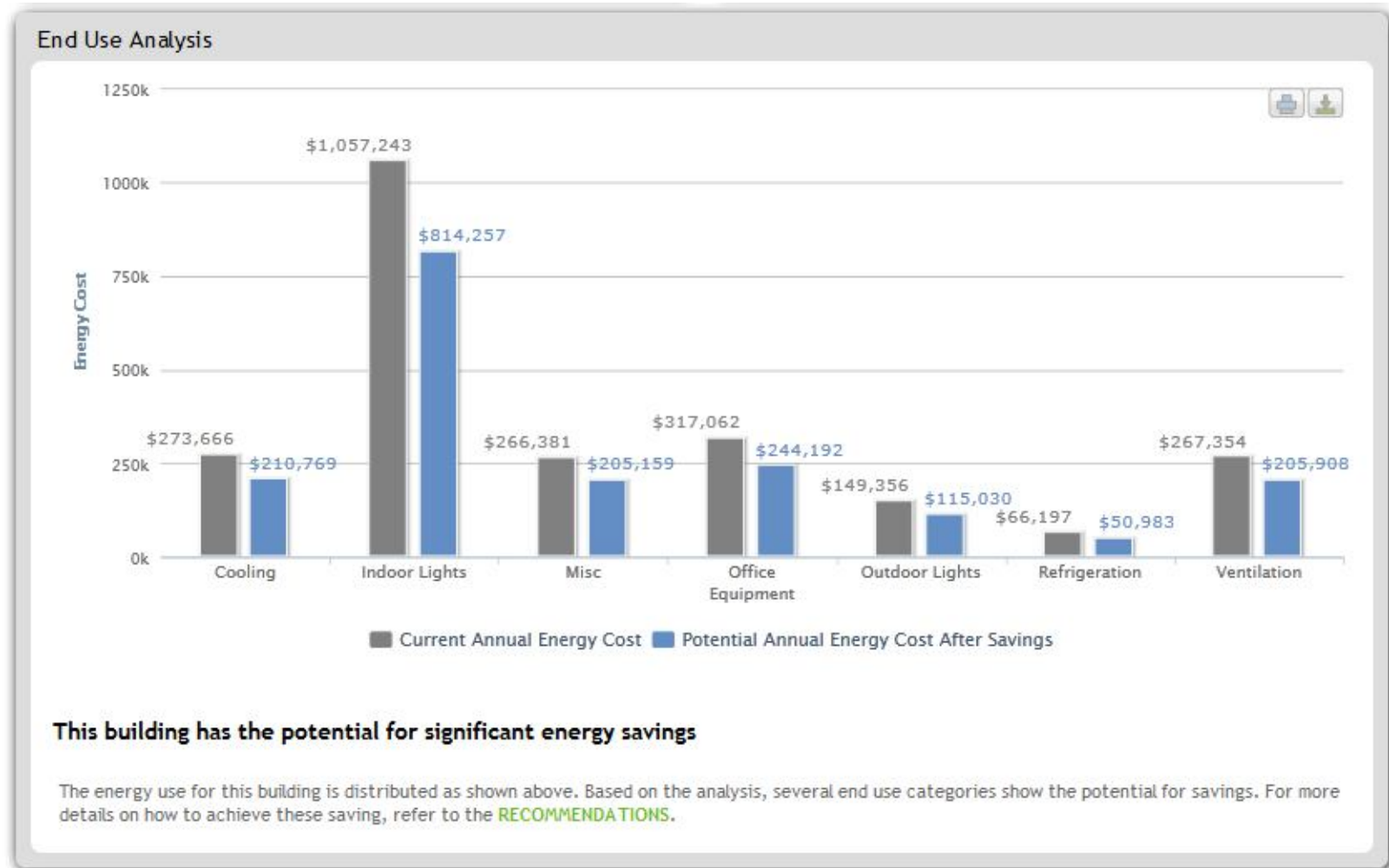
Energy Savings		% kWh Reduction		Seasonal Peak kW Reduction		Dollar Savings		
Annual	Lifetime	Total	During Peak (8am-11pm)	Summer Peak (1-5pm)	Winter Peak (5-7pm)	Annual	Lifetime	CO2E
2,675,336 kWh	21,402,691 kWh	22.98%	80.90%	114 kW	550 kW	\$561,821	\$4,494,565	22.98%



Courtesy: Retroficiency



Maybe Lighting Is a Good Place to Start



Courtesy: Retroficiency



Who's Leaving the Lights On?

Lighting Controls



This building appears to have above average energy consumption associated with lighting during unoccupied hours. The annual average power density of this building for indoor lights during unoccupied hours is approximately 0.76 W/ft². A detailed Lighting specific controls audit, daylighting study, and/or retro-commissioning study is recommended. This suggests energy savings are associated with this indicator.

Annual Dollar Savings	Annual kWh Savings	Annual Energy Savings	Annual COE2 Savings
-----------------------	--------------------	-----------------------	---------------------

\$78,808

375,278

3.2%

375 tons

Ventilation Equipment



Based on the interval data and our relativity database of similar buildings, this building appears to have considerable energy consumption associated with the ventilation equipment during occupied hours. The annual average power density of this building for ventilation during occupied hours is approximately 0.29 W/ft². We recommend a detailed HVAC equipment audit, including variable flow air side measures. This suggests significant potential for energy savings associated with this indicator.

\$31,267

148,892

1.3%

149 tons

Courtesy: Retroficiency



Bird's-Eye View

FIRSTFUEL
BUILDING ENERGY ANALYTICS


FirstFuel Demo Admin

Manage buildings
Manage portfolios
Manage users

Tech School 2 - [01/01/10 - 12/31/10]
PDF Report

Summary
Whole Building Analysis
End Use Analysis
Custom Analysis
Recommendations
Monitoring
Comments
kBTU
On
Off

Map Pictures



© 2012 Microsoft Corporation © 2010 NAVTEQ © 2010 Palantir
 Refinery Bird's Eye © 2010 Palantir / Dimensions Corp.
 Refinery Bird's Eye © 2010 MDA Geospatial Services Inc.

Open in new window

Bing
Google

Building Name: Tech School 2

Building Address: 34A Colony Road, Lexington, Massachusetts, 02420, United States

Building Size(SqFt): 78,883 GSF

Primary Activity: School

Heating Type: Electricity

Cooling Type: Electricity

Average Occupancy(%): 100

Year Constructed: 2006

Last Renovated: N/A

Electricity Cost: \$140,933 at average cost/kWh of 19 cents

Gas Cost: \$6,504 at average cost/Therm of \$ 1.30

Energy Consumption	Total	Per SqFt	Per SqFt
Electricity	741,752 kWh	9.40 kWh	32.08 kBTU
Gas	5,003 Therms	0.06 Therms	6.34 kBTU
Total	3,031,159 kBTU	38.43 kBTU	38.43 kBTU
Peak Demand (Electric)	323 kW	4.09 W	13.97 BTU/hr

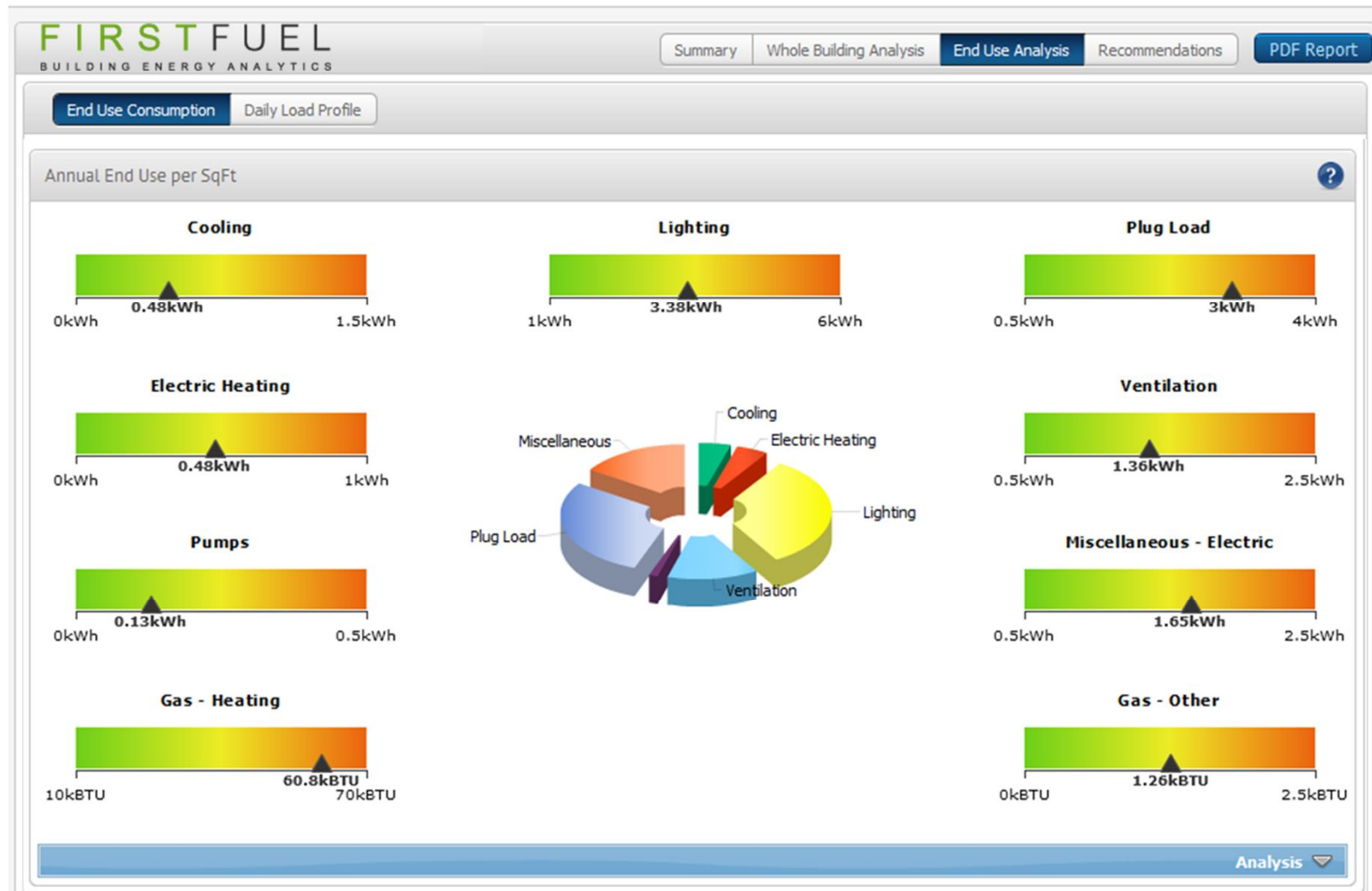
Observations
▼

Savings Potential	Energy	Cost	Carbon
Electricity	114,134 kWh (15%)	\$21,685	39 tonnes
Gas	60 Therms (1%)	\$78	N/A
Total	395,425 kBTU	\$21,763	39 tonnes

Courtesy: FirstFuel



End-Use Benchmarking



Courtesy: FirstFuel



Candidate for a Midnight Audit?

FIRSTFUEL
BUILDING ENERGY ANALYTICS

Summary Whole Building Analysis End Use Analysis **Recommendations** PDF Report

Recommendations

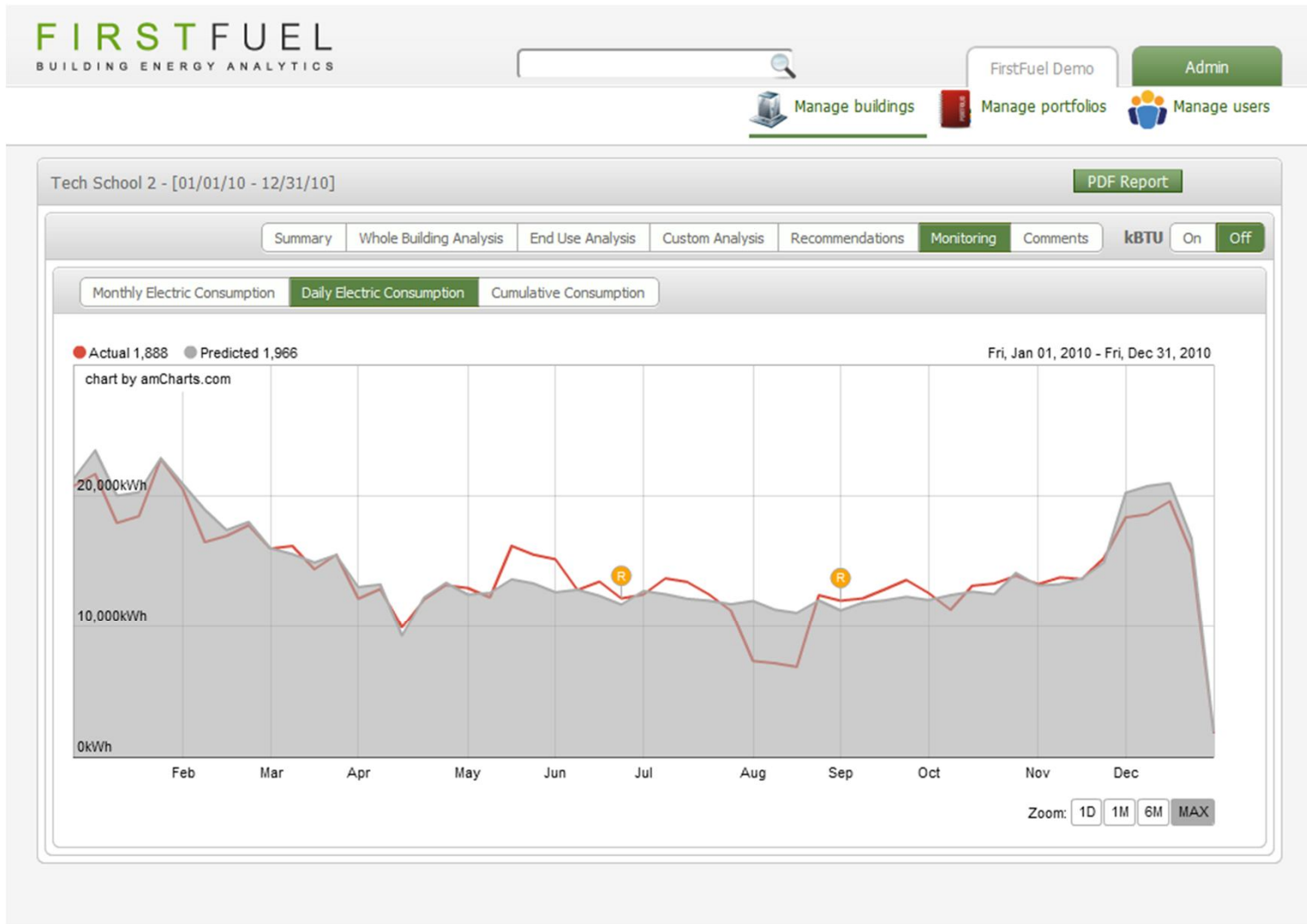
OPERATIONAL

Recommendation	Description	Savings	Utility Program
Evaluate actual occupancy patterns in the late afternoon and evening, and reschedule the final shutdown of equipment between 8PM and 10PM if possible.	Some percentage of equipment is being operated between 8PM and 10PM however the flatness of the load indicates that there is little occupancy at that time. If possible, reschedule equipment operation such that equipment stops at 8PM. If occupants periodically require after-hours HVAC, consider adding software to allow them to schedule days for extended occupancy. <small>Created by iblogix</small> Add Action Analysis	95,000 kWh \$ 12,350 181 tonnes	Retro Commissioning
The chart indicates that during the week, building systems begin operation at approximately 5:30AM. Systems shut down at 7:15PM. Electrical consumption does not settle down to unoccupied levels until well after midnight.			
Reduce consumption during unoccupied periods from currently high levels.	The mean demand during unoccupied hours is somewhat high at 0.93 W/sqft. Office buildings typically can achieve levels of 0.5 W/sqft. This is indicative of equipment and lights being left on during the unoccupied hours. Reducing off hours consumption lowers costs and generally does not impact operations. The savings shown are possible if a twenty percent reduction can be made to achieve 0.75 which is still 50% greater than normal. <small>Created by iblogix</small> Add Action Analysis	45,000 kWh \$ 5,850 86 tonnes	Retro Commissioning
The Occupied/Unoccupied ratio is at the bottom end of good for an office building. Buildings of this type usually have a ratio of 3 or better.			

Courtesy: FirstFuel



The Model Versus Reality



Courtesy: FirstFuel



Caution



Source: CKSinfo.com

- Lack of independent cost and savings information
- Confusion about quality
- Savings depend on motivation and skill
- Savings depend on building characteristics



Direct Contact Water Heaters



How Efficient is Your Water Heater?



Courtesy Sir Iwan

If you're using conventional equipment, you may be missing out on large cost-effective energy savings.



What is a Direct Contact Water Heater?

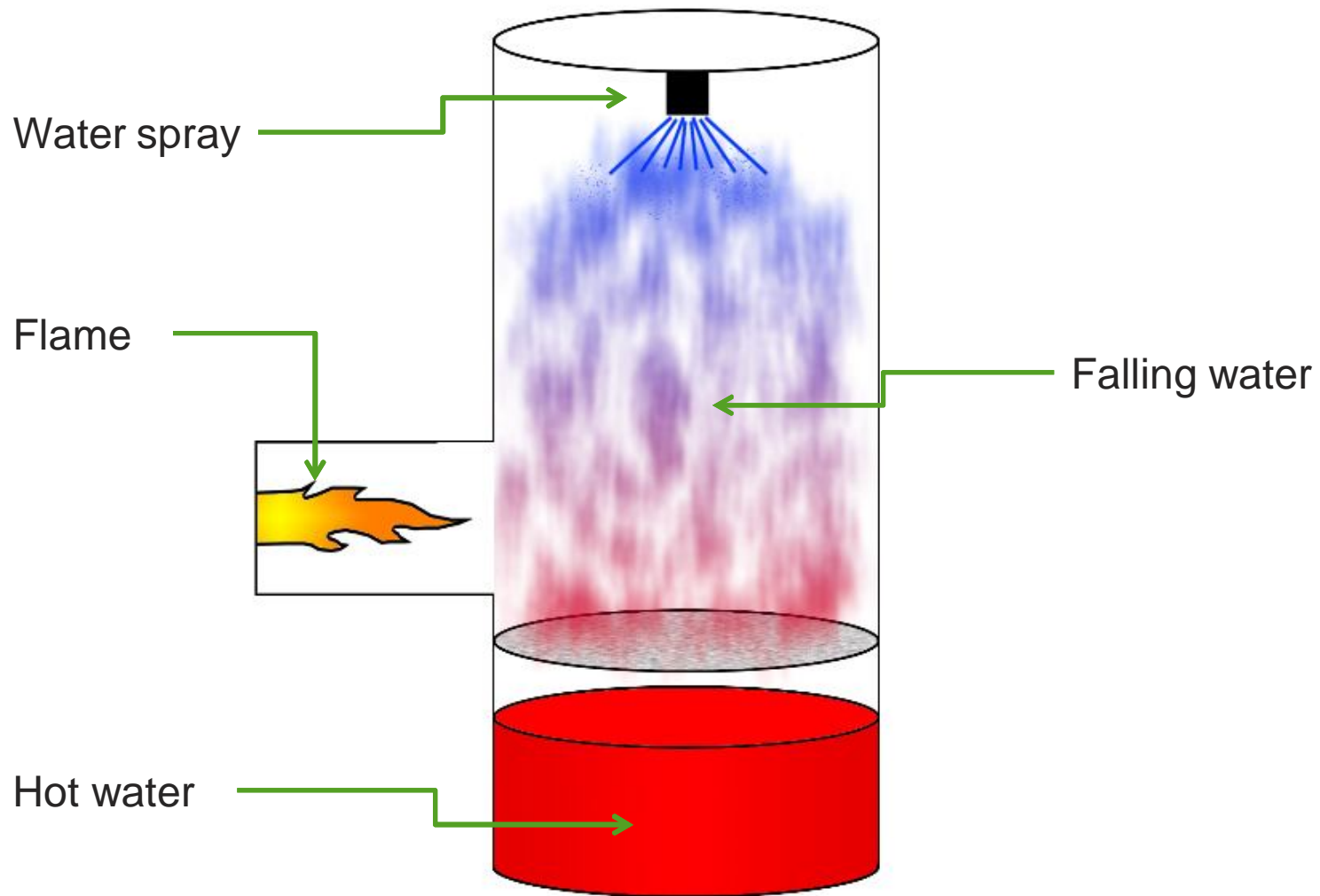
- No heat exchanger
 - Water comes into physical contact with combustion gases
- Hot water produced as needed
 - Minimal standby loss
- Up to 99.7% efficient!
 - Can yield energy savings of up to 60% in the right applications



Courtesy Ludell Manufacturing



How it works



© E Source



Minimal maintenance requirements

- No heat exchanger
- Available in all stainless steel construction
- Little calcination/scale buildup
- Long life expectancy



Courtesy Department of Agriculture



Some Important Differences...

- Incomplete combustion can hurt water quality
 - However, a number of models do meet bottled water and food ingredient water standards for direct use without additional filtration.
- Capacities of up to 54 MMBTU per hour
 - Can produce lots of hot water very quickly



- Low-temperature exhaust
- Hot water is unpressurized
 - Differs from a standard boiler or tank heater
 - Requires pumping to the end use

Image Courtesy the Tango Project



What are some good applications?

- Boiler make-up water
- Heating jackets for vessels/operations
- Washing/flushing
 - Equipment “clean-down” and sanitizing
 - Continuous washing operations
 - Flushing process piping and batch equipment (particularly for operations using the same process lines/equipment to produce slightly varying products)
- Space heating
- Hot water used as a solvent
 - Raw material preparation
 - Leaching
 - Separations/extractions
 - Emission control operations



Some Industries That Could Benefit

- Pharmaceuticals
- Textiles
- Laundry
- Greenhouses
- Warehouses
- Materials production
 - Metals
 - Molded plastics
 - Synthetic rubber
 - Synthetic fibers
 - Concrete
- Food processing
 - Meat
 - Dairy
 - Beverages
 - Sugar refining
 - Raw food



Courtesy NVO



Case Study: Cambridge Towel Corp

■ Background

- Located in Ontario, Canada
- Makes terry cloth towels
- Operates four days a week, employing over 200 people.

■ Retrofit details

- Replaced an inefficient steam water heating system with a direct contact water heater.
- Cost for the water heater:
~\$150,000

■ Results

- Went from a thermal efficiency of 60% up to 99.7%
- Savings of \$8,400 per month (\$100,800 annually)
- Simple payback period of 1.5 years
- Resulted in the shutdown of one of the plant's two boilers.



Who makes them?

- [Armstrong International](#)
- [Heatec](#)
- [Kemco Systems](#)
- [Ludell](#)
- [QuikWater](#)
- [Sofame Technologies](#)
- [Thermal Engineering of Arizona](#)



Courtesy Ludell Manufacturing



Turbo Pot



Courtesy: Eneron, Inc

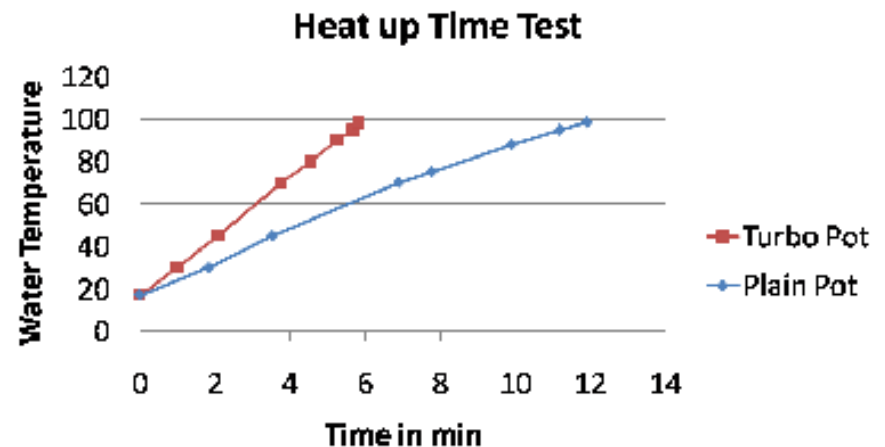
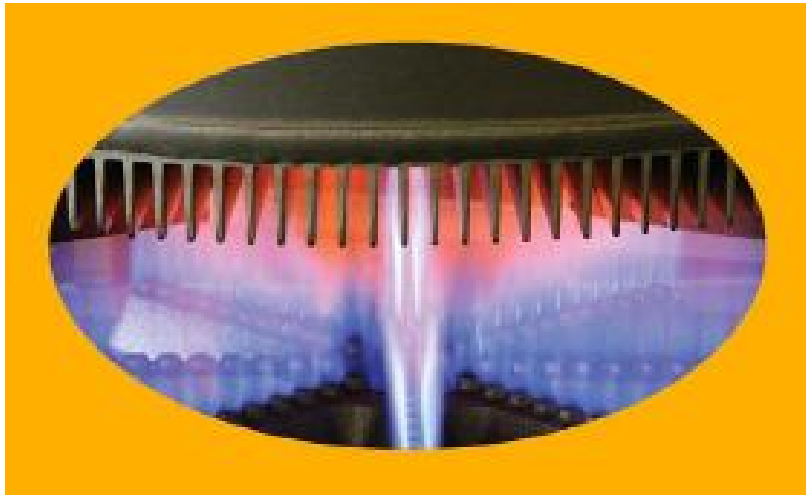
- Affixes heat transfer fins to standard commercial cooking pots.
- Fins guide flames into channels, create turbulent flow
- Increases heating surface area and heat transfer efficiency
- Can boost energy efficiency 50% – 60%



Performance

Cooks faster using less energy

- Turbo Pot consumed 28% less energy than the standard pot
- Boosts a 35% efficient gas range to nearly 60% efficiency
- And, it boils water faster!



Courtesy: Eneron, Inc



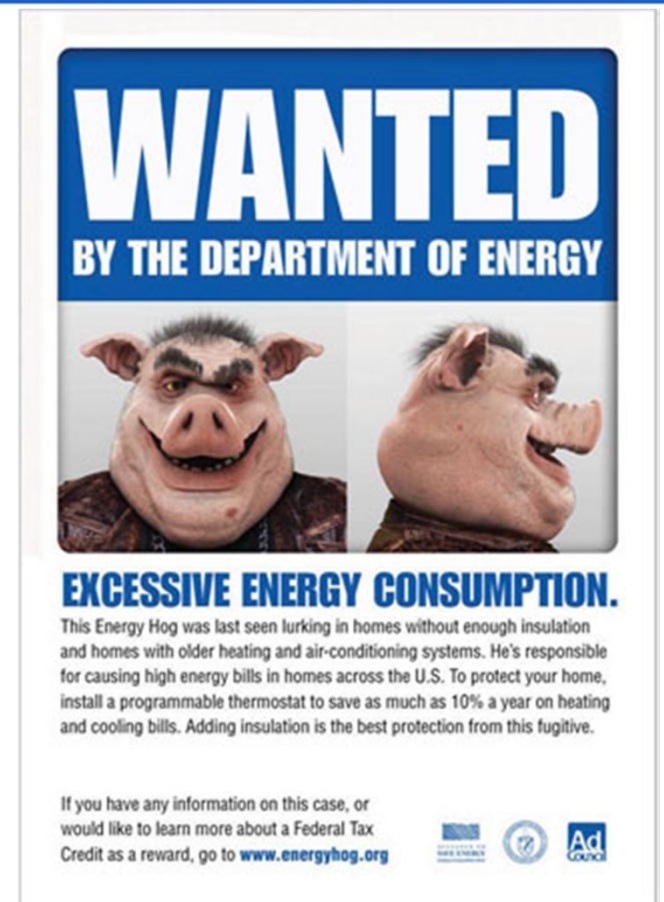
Thank You!

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WANTED
BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY



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This Energy Hog was last seen lurking in homes without enough insulation and homes with older heating and air-conditioning systems. He's responsible for causing high energy bills in homes across the U.S. To protect your home, install a programmable thermostat to save as much as 10% a year on heating and cooling bills. Adding insulation is the best protection from this fugitive.

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